

Case study: THE CASE FOR

Today women vote on exactly the same terms as men. However, they did not gain completely equal voting rights until 1928. It was a long hard struggle to achieve these rights.

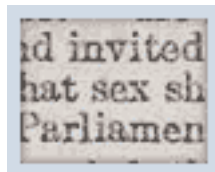
In this case study you are going to study a number of sources from the time. These sources will help you to investigate the arguments which were put forward in favour of women's suffrage in the early 1900s.

SOURCES:

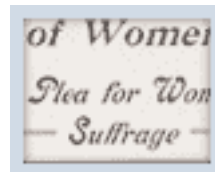
John Stuart Mill on women's suffrage, 1867



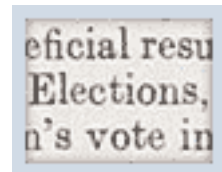
The Times newspaper on women's suffrage, 1906



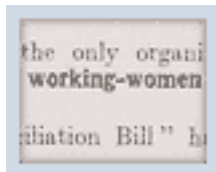
Labour MP Keir Hardie on women's suffrage



Resolution passed in Australia, 1910



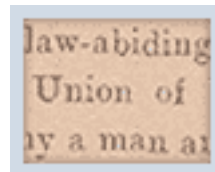
Groups supporting women's suffrage, 1911



Cartoon from a Suffragette newspaper, 1913



Article from a Suffragette newspaper, 1913



HOW TO USE THE SOURCES IN THIS CASE STUDY :

You can use these case study sources in two ways:

THE BIG QUESTION

The sources in this case study can help you by providing information you can use in your presentation.

- Study each source carefully
- Note down anything which tells you about the arguments the supporters of women's suffrage used
- Note down anything which could provide evidence of who supported women's suffrage.

EXAM PRACTICE

If you want to get some practice on examination type questions, just go to or download the Practice Questions.

Don't forget – if there are words or phrases in the sources which you cannot understand, try the glossary!